#### Accountancy (Code 055) Class-XII (2014-15)

One Paper 3 Hours 80 Marks

Units		Periods	Marks
Part A: Accounting for Partnership Fir	rms and Companies		
Unit 1. Accounting for Partnership F.	90	35	
Unit 2. Accounting for Companies		60	25
		150	60
Part B: Financial Statement Analysis			
Unit 3. Analysis of Financial Statements		30	12
Unit 4. Cash Flow Statement		20	8
		50	20
Part C:Project Work		40	20
Project work will include:			
Project File: 4 Marks			
Written Test: 12 Marks (One Hour)			
Viva Voce: 4 Marks			
OR			
Part B: Computerized Accounting			
Unit 3. Computerized Accounting		60	20
Part C: Practical Work		26	20
Practical work will include:			
File	4 Marks		
Practical Examination	12 Marks (One Hour)		
Viva Voce	4 Marks		

# Part A: Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies 60 Marks 150 Periods Unit 1: Accounting for Partnership Firms

- Partnership: features, Partnership deed.
- Provisions of the Indian Partnership Act 1932 in the absence of partnership deed.
- Fixed v/s fluctuating capital accounts.Preparation of Profit & Loss Appropriation accountdivision of profit among partners, guarantee of profits.
- Past adjustments (relating to interest on capital, interest on drawing, salary and profit sharing ratio).
- Goodwill: nature, factors affecting and methods of valuation average profit, super profit and capitalization.

#### Accounting for Partnership firms - Reconstitution and Dissolution.

- Change in the Profit Sharing Ratio among the existing partners sacrificing ratio, gaining
  ratio. Accounting for revaluation of assets and re-assessment of liabilities and distribution of
  reserves and accumulated profits.
- Admission of a partner effect of admission of a partner on change in the profit sharing ratio, treatment of goodwill (as per AS 26), treatment for revaluation of assets and re-assessment of liabilities, treatment of reserves and accumulated profits, adjustment of capital accounts and preparation of balance sheet.
- Retirement and death of a partner: effect of retirement /death of a partner on change in profit sharing ratio, treatment of goodwill (as per AS 26), treatment for revaluation of assets and reassessment of liabilities, adjustment of accumulated profits and reserves, adjustment of capital accounts and preparation of balance sheet. Preparation of loan account of the retiring partner.
  - Calculation of deceased partner's share of profit till the date of death. Preparation of deceased partner's capital account, executor's account and preparation of balance sheet.
- Dissolution of partnership firms: types of dissolution of firm. Settlement of accounts preparation of realization account, and other related accounts (excluding piecemeal distribution, sale to a company and insolvency of partner(s)).
- Note: (i) If value of asset is not given, its realised value should be taken as nil.
  - (ii) In case, the realisation expenses are borne by a partner, clear indication should be given regarding the payment thereof.

## Unit -2 Accounting for Companies Accounting for Share Capital

- Share and share capital: nature and types.
- Accounting for share capital: issue and allotment of equity shares, private placement of shares, Public
  subscription of shares over subscription and under subscription of shares; Issue at par and at premium
  and at discount, calls in advance and arrears (excluding interest), issue of shares for consideration other
  than cash.
- Accounting treatment of forfeiture and re-issue of shares.
- Disclosure of share capital in company's Balance Sheet.

#### **Accounting for Debentures**

- Debentures: Issue of debentures at par, at premium and at discount. Issue of debentures for consideration other than cash; Issue of debentures with terms of redemption; debentures as collateral security-concept, interest on debentures.
- Redemption of debentures: Lump sum, draw of lots and purchase in the open market (excluding ex-interest and cum-interest).

#### Part B: (i) Financial Statement Analysis

20 Marks 50 Periods

#### Unit 3: Analysis of Financial Statements

• Financial statements of a company: Statement of Profit and Loss and Balance Sheet in the prescribed form with major headings and sub headings (as per Schedule VI to the Companies Act, 1956).

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Scope: Exceptional Items, Extraordinary Items and Profit (loss) from Discontinued Operations are excluded.

- Financial Statement Analysis: Objectives and limitations.
- Tools for Financial Statement Analysis: Comparative statements, common size statements, cash flow analysis, ratio analysis.
- Accounting Ratios: Objectives, classification and computation.

Liquidity Ratios: Current ratio and Quick ratio.

**Solvency Ratios:** Debt to Equity Ratio, Total Asset to Debt Ratio, Proprietary Ratio and Interest Coverage Ratio.

Activity Ratios: Stock Turnover Ratio, Debtors Turnover Ratio, Creditors Turnover Ratio and Working Capital Turnover Ratio.

**Profitability Ratios:** Gross Profit Ratio, Operating Ratio, Operating Profit Ratio, Net Profit Ratio and Return on Investment.

**Note:** As ratio analysis is a managerial tool, for the computation of profitability ratios, relevant information should be specified whether it is a part of Statement of Profit and Loss as per Schedule VI or not.

#### Unit 4: Cash Flow Statement

• Meaning, objectives and preparation (as per AS 3 (Revised) (Indirect Method only)

**Scope:** Adjustments relating to depreciation and amortisation, profit or loss on sale of assets including investments, dividend (both final and interim) and tax.

**Note:** Bank overdraft and cash credit to be treated as a component of cash and cash equivalent.

#### (ii) PROJECT WORK

20 Marks 40 Periods

Kindly refer to the Guidelines published by the CBSE.

OR

#### Part B: Computerised Accounting

20 Marks 60 Periods

#### Unit 3: Computerised Accounting

Overview of Computerised Accounting System.

- Introduction: Application in Accounting.
- Features of Computerised Accounting System.
- Structure of CAS.
- Software Packages: Generic; Specific; Tailored.

#### Accounting Application of Electronic Spreadsheet.

- Concept of Electronic Spreadsheet.
- Features offered by Electronic Spreadsheet.
- Application in Generating Accounting Information Bank Reconciliation Statement; Asset Accounting; Loan Repayment of loan schedule, Ratio Analysis
- Data Representation- Graphs, Charts and Diagrams.

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#### Using Computerized Accounting System.

- Steps in installation of CAS, codification and Hierarchy of account heads, creation of accounts.
- Data: Entry, Validation and Verification.
- Adjusting entries, preparation of balance sheet, profit and loss account with closing entries and opening entries.
- Need and security features of the system.

#### Database Management System (DBMS)

- Concept and Features of DBMS.
- DBMS in Business Application.
- Generating Accounting Information Payroll.

#### Part C: Practical Work

20 Marks 26 Periods

Please refer to the guidelines published by CBSE.

#### Prescribed Books:

Financial Accounting I	Class XI	NCERT Publication
Accountancy II	Class XI	NCERT Publication
Accountancy I	Class XII	NCERT Publication
Accountancy II	Class XII	NCERT Publication

## Suggested Question Paper Design Accountancy (Code 055) Class XII (2014-15)

### March 2015 Examination

Marks 80 Duration: 3 hrs.

S. No.	Typology of Questions	Very Short Answer MCQ 1 Mark	Short Answer I 3 Marks	Short Answer II 4 Marks	Long Answer I 6 Marks	Long Answer II 8 Marks	Marks	%
1.	Remembering- (Knowledge based Simple recall questions, to know specific facts, terms, concepts, principles, or theories; Identify, define, or recite, information)	3	1	2	1	-	20	25
2.	Understanding- (Comprehension – to be familiar with meaning and to understand conceptually, interpret, compare, contrast, explain, paraphrase, or interpret information)	2	-	1	1	1	20	25
3.	Application (Use abstract information in concrete situation, to apply knowledge to new situations; Use given content to interpret a situation, provide an example, or solve a problem)	-	2	1	1	-	16	20
4.	High Order Thinking Skills (Analysis & Synthesis- Classify, compare, contrast, or differentiate between different pieces of information; Organize and/or integrate unique pieces of information from a variety of sources)	2	•	•	1	1	16	20
5.	Evaluation and Multi-Disciplinary- (Appraise, judge, and/or justify the value or worth of a decision or outcome, or to predict outcomes based on values)	1	1	1	-	-	08	10
	TOTAL	8x1=8	4x3 = 12	5x4=20	4x6=24	2x8=16	80(23) +20 Project	100